





Primary Years Programme:

Assessment Policy

Philosophy:

Assessment at Uplift Hampton Preparatory involves collecting and analyzing assessment information through multiple demonstrations of learning and connections to the central idea, transdisciplinary theme, and IB learner profile, which is used to drive instruction and to communicate effectively with stakeholders (teachers, students, parents, and community members). Assessment will be reflected upon and should effectively guide students through the PYP five essential elements of learning:

- the acquisition of knowledge
- the understanding of concepts
- the mastering of skills
- the development of attitudes
- the decision to take action

All stakeholders should have a clear understanding of what is being assessed and why; the methods used to assess; and the criteria of success for each type of assessment.

Purpose:

Uplift Hampton assesses students for a variety of reasons:

- To provide feedback to students on their own learning and allow student to set goals
- To monitor progress towards individualized goals and provide motivation for learning
- To provide feedback to teachers and other stakeholders about knowledge, understanding, and/or skill development
- To evaluate effectiveness of the learning program
- To prepare students mentally for assessments by the IBO, colleges, and other organizations
- To track students' socio-emotional growth through reflections of and alignment to the central idea, transdisciplinary theme, and IB learner profile.

Principles:

Principles included in effective assessment at Uplift Hampton:

- Assessment is key to planning, teaching, and learning
- Begin with the end results in mind (backwards design what students should be able to know or do by the end of a learning unit, lesson, or process)
- Meaningful and relevant to the student by centering demonstrations of learning around scholar interests
- Each unit is closed out with a cumulative summative assessment through project-based learning
- Allow students to synthesize and apply their learning, not merely recall facts
- Promote student reflection and self-evaluation
- Produce evidence of student growth and learning that can be clearly reported and understood by students, parents, teachers and administrators
- Students are actively engaged in the tracking of their own mastery
- Frequent and ongoing assessments to inform instruction with formal and informal measures







- Highlight students' strengths and allows them to demonstrate mastery and expertise in a variety of ways
- Differentiated to meet the individual student's learning needs in accordance with their IEPs
- Progress towards implementation of the IB Learner Profile, Central Idea, Lines of Inquiry, and Key Concepts
- Clear expectations are set through the creation of tailored and specific rubrics

Methods:

Assessment is a daily activity at Uplift Hampton and takes various forms. There are two main categories of assessment:

- <u>Formative Assessment</u> is interwoven with daily learning and helps teachers and students find out what
 children already know, understand and can do in order to plan for further student learning and growth.
 Formative assessment occurs throughout a learning unit or process. Examples of formative assessments
 include: teacher observations, anecdotal records, course work, BAS benchmarks, language bi-weeklies,
 checks for understanding, weekly quizzes and tests, exit tickets, homework, well-defined rubrics, and
 classroom discussions.
- <u>Summative Assessment</u> takes place at the end of a learning unit or process. It is a chance for students, teachers and parents to evaluate progress and demonstrate what has been learned over the course of time. It is a formal ending point to a taught unit or of a process but not necessarily the end of student learning in the areas being assessed. Examples of summative assessments include: State of Texas Assessment of Academic Readiness (STAAR), well-defined rubrics, unit assessment, Common Assessments (CA), and end of year Measures of Academic Progress (MAP) test.

Reporting:

Student progress is reported in a variety of ways including:

Туре	What	Who	When
PowerSchool Parent	Online parent resource	K-5	Ongoing
Portal			
Progress Reports	Current grades report	K-5	Every 4 weeks
Report Cards	Final quarterly grades	K-5	Every 9 weeks
	report		
Student Tracking	Students engagement of	Students	Ongoing
	their own mastery and		
	growth		
Common Assessments	Network reporting on	Teachers, Students,	Triannual
	benchmark mastery	Family	
Measures of Academic	National report of growth	K-5	Beginning, Middle, and
Progress (MAP) Report	measure assessment		End of year
State of Texas Assessment	State report of mastery	3-5	End of year
of Academic Readiness	measure assessment		
(STAAR) reports			
TELPAS	Report of language	Students identified as	End of Year
	proficiency	Limited English Proficient	







Parent Teacher	Teacher or student led	K-5	Fall and Spring
Conferences	conferences		
Teacher communication	Notes home, emails and	K-5	Ongoing
	phone calls		